

National Healthcare Safety Network

2019 Long-term Care Facility Component Annual Updates and Annual Facility Survey Review

January 9, 2019

January 30, 2019

What's New in 2019?

Where can I find a list of the updates?

- December newsletter
- LTCF module web-pages under the protocol tab
- Blast e-mail sent to NHSN users
- NHSN version 9.2 Release Notes (12/12/18)

Impacted Infection Event/Module	Summary of Modifications
General	• <i>Clostridium difficile</i> infection (CDI), also known as <i>C. difficile</i> infection, has been reclassified as <i>Clostridioides difficile</i> (CDI), also known as <i>C. difficile</i> infection. Note: Currently, the update is only reflected in the NHSN protocols, forms, and table of instructions.
Annual Facility Survey	• To assist in improving data quality, a pop-up message will appear as a reminder to verify the primary testing method for <i>C. difficile</i> when: ◦ An uncommon <i>C. difficile</i> testing method is selected (specifically, culture or cell cytotoxicity neutralization assay) OR ◦ "Other" is selected and the testing method that is manually typed in the space is equivalent to one of the provided testing methods.
Event Reporting – All Modules	• To assist in improving data quality, a pop-up message will appear on the Event Page if the selected Resident Type (Short Stay [SS] or Long Stay [LS]) does not meet the NHSN definition based on the date of first admission and the event date.
Urinary Tract Infection (UTI) Event Module	• Urine culture requirements are no longer based on specimen collection method. The following changes were made: ◦ Specimen collected from in/out straight catheter and a positive culture with no more than 2 species of microorganisms, at least one of which is a bacterium of $\geq 10^5$ CFU/ml ◦ Specimen collected from indwelling catheter and a positive culture with no more than 2 species of microorganisms, at least one of which is a bacterium of $\geq 10^5$ CFU/ml
Laboratory-identified (LabID) Event Module	• No significant protocol changes made to the module.
Prevention Process Measures Module	• No significant protocol changes made to the module.
CDI Denominator Monthly Summary Data and Denominators for LTCF	• Added a new required variable called "CDI Treatment Starts" to enable an estimate of CDI burden in a facility when empiric treatment for CDI occurs in the absence of confirmatory testing.
Analysis	• In the NHSN line listing and rate tables, the column titles were updated to reflect the descriptive variable names as the default instead of the variable names. • The following additional variables added as columns to the default <i>Line Listing – All CDI LabID Events</i>: (1) CDI Assay; (2) Onset; (3) Onset Description; and (4) Days: Admit to Event. • Definitions for incident and recurrent CDI added as footnotes to <i>Line Listing – All CDI LabID Events</i>.

What's New in 2019?

Name Change for *Clostridium difficile*

- *Clostridium difficile* infection (CDI), also known as *C. difficile* infection, has been reclassified as *Clostridioides difficile* (CDI), also known as *C. difficile* infection.
 - **Note:** Currently, the update is only reflected in the NHSN protocols, forms, and table of instructions.

What's New in 2019?

Annual Facility Survey

- Soft alerts will appear when an uncommon testing method is selected for:
 - Cell cytotoxicity neutralization assay
 - Culture

3. What is the primary testing method for *C. difficile* used most where your facility's testing is performed? *

- ☐ Enzyme immunoassay (EIA) for toxin
- ☒ Cell cytotoxicity neutralization assay
- ☐ Nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT)(e.g., PCR) (e.g.
- ☐ NAAT plus EIA, if NAAT positive (2-step algorithm)
- ☐ Glutamate dehydrogenase (GDH) antigen plus EIA fol
- ☐ GDH plus NAAT (2-step algorithm)
- ☐ GDH plus EIA for toxin, followed by NAAT for discrepant results
- ☐ Culture (*C. difficile* culture followed by detection of toxins)
- ☐ Other (specify)

Alert
This test is not a standard *C. diff* diagnostic tool, please review selection. If this is correct, press OK to continue or press Cancel to edit.
OK **Cancel**

What's New in 2019?

Annual Facility Survey

- Soft alerts will appear when “Other” is selected as primary testing method and:
 - The testing method typed in the box matches a selection already available

3. What is the primary testing method for *C. difficile* used most often by you where your facility's testing is performed? *

- ☐ Enzyme immunoassay (EIA) for toxin
- ☐ Cell cytotoxicity neutralization assay
- ☐ Nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT)(e.g., PCR) (e.g., PCR, LAM)
- ☐ NAAT plus EIA, if NAAT positive (2-step algorithm)
- ☐ Glutamate dehydrogenase (GDH) antigen plus EIA for toxin (2-st
- ☐ GDH plus NAAT (2-step algorithm)
- ☐ GDH plus EIA for toxin, followed by NAAT for discrepant results
- ☐ Culture (*C. difficile* culture followed by detection of toxins)

☒ Other (specify)

("Other" should not be used to name specific laboratories, reference labor
laboratory, refer to the Tables of Instructions for this form, or conduct a se

Alert

One of the options from the specified testing methods listed above is a better choice. If this is correct, press OK to continue or press Cancel to edit.

OK

Cancel

What's New in 2019?

Events

- A pop-up message will appear on the **Event Page** if the selected Resident Type (Short Stay [SS]) does not meet the NHSN definition based on the date **of first admission** and **the event date**

The screenshot displays the NHSN data entry interface. The 'Resident Information' section includes fields for Facility ID (Pike Nursing Home), Resident ID (123456), Last Name (PresPos), Middle Name, Gender (F - Female), Ethnicity (NOHISP), and Race (White). The 'Event Information' section shows Event Type (UTI - Urinary Tract Infection). A pop-up alert box states: 'Please verify that you've selected the correct Resident Type. NHSN defines a short-stay resident as having 100 days or less between the first admission date and the event date.' A diagram at the bottom illustrates the timeline: 'Date of First Admission to Facility' (03/07/2018) to 'Date of Event' (09/05/2018) is marked as 'GREATER THAN 100 DAYS', which triggers the alert. Other fields include Social Security # (000-00-0001), First Name (Test), and Date of Birth (03/06/1945).

Resident Information

Facility ID *: Pike Nursing Home (ID 11106) ▼

Resident ID *: 123456 Find Find Events

Last Name: PresPos

Middle Name:

Gender *: F - Female ▼

Ethnicity: NOHISP - Not Hispanic or Not Latino ▼

Race: ☐ American Indian/Alaska Native ☐ Asian or Pacific Islander
☐ Black or African American ☐ Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander
☐ White

Alert

Please verify that you've selected the correct Resident Type. NHSN defines a short-stay resident as having 100 days or less between the first admission date and the event date.

OK

Social Security #: 000-00-0001 (or comparable railroad insurance number):
First Name: Test
Date of Birth *: 03/06/1945

Resident type *: SS - Short-stay ▼

Date of First Admission to Facility *: 03/07/2018

GREATER THAN 100 DAYS

Date of Current Admission to Facility *: 03/07/2018

Event Information

Event Type *: UTI - Urinary Tract Infection ▼

Date of Event *: 09/05/2018

What's New in 2019?

Events

- A pop-up message will appear on the Event Page if the selected Resident Type (Long Stay [LS]) does not meet the NHSN definition based on the date **of first admission** and **the event date**

The screenshot displays the NHSN Event Page interface. At the top, the 'Resident type' is set to 'LS - Long Stay'. Below it, the 'Date of First Admission to Facility' is '09/01/2018'. To the right, the 'Date of Current Admission to Facility' is also '09/01/2018'. In the 'Event Information' section, the 'Event Type' is 'UTI - Urinary Tract Infection'. A central 'Alert' pop-up box states: 'Please verify that you've selected the correct Resident Type. NHSN defines a long-stay resident as having greater than 100 days between the first admission date and the event date.' A dashed purple arrow points from the 'Date of First Admission' field to the 'Alert' box. Another dashed purple arrow points from the 'Alert' box to the 'Date of Event' field, which is set to '09/29/2018'. A callout box labeled 'LESS THAN 100 DAYS' is positioned between the first admission date and the event date, indicating the discrepancy. The 'Event Information' section also includes fields for 'Resident Care Location', 'Primary Resident Service Type', and a checkbox for 'Has resident been transferred from an acute care facility in the past 4 weeks'. At the bottom, there is a section for 'Specify Criteria Used'.

Resident type *: LS - Long Stay

Date of First Admission to Facility *: 09/01/2018

LESS THAN 100 DAYS

Date of Current Admission to Facility *: 09/01/2018

Event Information

Event Type *: UTI - Urinary Tract Infection

Resident Care Location *:

Primary Resident Service Type *:

Has resident been transferred from an acute care facility in the past 4 weeks *

Indwelling Urinary Catheter status at time of event onset *:

Specify Criteria Used * (check all that apply):

Alert

Please verify that you've selected the correct Resident Type. NHSN defines a long-stay resident as having greater than 100 days between the first admission date and the event date.

Date of Event *: 09/29/2018

OK

Is the resident Short Stay or Long Stay?

- Do we count residents who have a respite stay, but are not admitted as short stay?
 - If they occupied a bed they should be counted.
- Do the 100 days per calendar year need to be consecutive to count as long-term stay?
 - Only if the resident was discharged for more than 30 consecutive days at a time, in which the “Date of First Admission to Facility” will change. IN this case, the count will start over for determining resident type. If the resident leaves the facility for less than 30 days then the "Date of first admission to facility" would not change and the resident would remain as long stay.

What's New in 2019?

UTI Event

- Urine culture requirements:
 - Regardless of specimen collection method, resident must have at least one positive urine culture with no more than 2 species of microorganisms, at least one of which is a bacterium of $\geq 10^5$ CFU/ml

Specify Criteria Used * (check all that apply):

Signs & Symptoms

- ☐ Fever: Single temperature $> 37.8^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($>100^{\circ}\text{F}$) or $>37.2^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($>99^{\circ}\text{F}$) on repeated occasions, or an increase of $> 1.1^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($>2^{\circ}\text{F}$) over baseline
- ☐ Rigors
- ☐ New onset confusion/functional decline
- ☐ New onset hypotension
- ☐ Acute pain, swelling or tenderness of the testes, epididymis, or prostate
- ☐ Acute dysuria
- ☐ Purulent drainage at catheter insertion site

Laboratory & Diagnostic Testing

- ☐ Specimen collected from clean catch voided urine and a positive culture with no more than 2 species of microorganisms, at least one of which is a bacterium of $\geq 10^5$ CFU/ml
- ☐ Specimen collected from in/out straight catheter and a positive culture with no more than 2 species of microorganisms, at least one of which is a bacterium of $\geq 10^5$ CFU/ml
- ☐ Specimen collected from indwelling catheter and a positive culture with no more than 2 species of microorganisms, at least one of which is a bacterium of $\geq 10^5$ CFU/ml
- ☐ Leukocytosis ($> 14,000$ cells/mm³), or Left shift ($> 6\%$ or 1,500 bands/mm³)
- ☐ Positive blood culture with 1 matching organism in urine culture

Example Scenario – Should I Report Case as UTI?

- A resident of a LTC facility was complaining of new onset of dysuria. A urine culture was collected via straight catheter and the culture comes back positive for mixed flora, E. coli, and Candida glabrata 10^5 CFU/ml.

A. YES



B. NO

Applying the NHSN Definition

Specify Criteria Used * (check all that apply):

Signs & Symptoms

- ☐ Fever: Single temperature $> 37.8^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($>100^{\circ}\text{F}$) or $>37.2^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($>99^{\circ}\text{F}$) on repeated occasions, or an increase of $> 1.1^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($>2^{\circ}\text{F}$) over baseline
- ☐ Rigors
- ☐ New onset confusion/functional decline
- ☐ New onset hypotension
- ☐ Acute pain, swelling or tenderness of the testes, epididymis, or prostate
- ☐ Acute dysuria
- ☐ Purulent drainage at catheter insertion site

Laboratory & Diagnostic Testing

- ☐ Specimen collected from clean catch voided urine and a positive culture with no more than 2 species of microorganisms, at least one of which is a bacterium of $\geq 10^5$ CFU/ml
- ☐ Specimen collected from in/out straight catheter and a positive culture with no more than 2 species of microorganisms, at least one of which is a bacterium of $\geq 10^5$ CFU/ml
- ☐ Specimen collected from indwelling catheter and a positive culture with no more than 2 species of microorganisms, at least one of which is a bacterium of $\geq 10^5$ CFU/ml
- ☐ Leukocytosis ($> 14,000$ cells/ mm^3), or Left shift ($> 6\%$ or $1,500$ bands/ mm^3)
- ☐ Positive blood culture with 1 matching organism in urine culture

- If more than 2 species of microorganisms are present, the resident **does not** meet the urine culture requirement for an NHSN UTI regardless of colony count and how specimen was collected

What's New in 2019?

Monthly Summary Data/Denominators for LTCF

- Added a new required variable called **“CDI Treatment Starts”**
 - Estimate of CDI burden in a facility when empiric treatment for CDI occurs in the absence of confirmatory testing.
 - Include residents with treatment orders regardless of testing

MDRO & CDI LabID Event Reporting

Location Code			Specific Organism Type								
			MRSA	VRE	CephR-Klebsiella	CRE-Ecoli	CRE-Enterobacter	CRE-Klebsiella	C. difficile	MDR-Acinetobacter	
Facility-wide Inpatient (FacWIDEIn)	Resident Admissions:										Custom Fields
	Resident Days:										
	Number of Admissions on C. diff Treatment:										
	Number of residents started on antibiotic treatment for C.diff:										
		LabID Event (All specimens)	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	
		Report No Events	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	

- Should all new treatments for CDI be counted, even if a test for *C. difficile* was not performed or if a *C. difficile* test result was negative?

- ☒ A. Yes
- ☐ B. No

[illegible]

CDI Treatment Starts

- While a resident is being treated *C. difficile* infection, the provider orders repeat testing which was negative. The provider orders for the resident to continue with the previously ordered treatment. How do I count this?
- ✓ **Count new orders only.**

Do **not** count continued treatment as separate counts. Remember, you should only capture **new** medication orders.

CDI Treatment Starts

- Should the *number of residents started on antibiotic treatment for C. difficile* include only residents with a positive C. difficile lab result?

A. Yes



B. No

NO, Number of *C. difficile* treatment starts should only include residents with a new order for treatment irrespective of lab results.

MDRO & CDI LabID Event Reporting

Location Code			Specific Organism Type								
			MRSA	VRE	Ceph- Klebsiella	CRE-Ecoli	CRE- Enterobacter	CRE- Klebsiella	C. difficile	MDR- Acinetobacter	
	Resident Admissions:										
	Resident Days:										
	LabID Event (All specimens)		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	
	Report No Events		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	
	Number of Admissions on C. diff Treatment:										
	Number of residents started on antibiotic treatment for C. diff:										

Note—if the resident had a new order for CDI treatment and had a positive *C. diff* lab result, the resident will be counted once for C. diff treatment start and a CDI LabID Event should be submitted for that resident.

CDI Treatment Starts

- Should the number of residents started on antibiotic treatment include residents receiving empiric treatment?

- ✓ A. Yes
- B. No

YES

- Number of *C. difficile* treatment starts should include residents with a new order for treatment irrespective of why the treatment is ordered.

CDI Treatment Starts

- For the “*Number of residents started on antibiotic treatment for C. difficile*” should I include residents admitted on treatment for C. diff?

NO

There are TWO different monthly summary variables that must be answered for facilities participating in CDI LabID Event Reporting.

MDRO & CDI LabID Event Reporting

Location Code				
		Resident Admissions: *		
		Resident Days: *		
	Facility-wide Inpatient (FacWIDEIn)	Number of Admissions on C. diff Treatment: *	LabID Event (All specimens) Report No Events	☐ ☐
		Number of residents started on antibiotic treatment for C.diff: *		

CDI Treatment Starts

1. **Number of admission on *C. difficile* treatment:** Count only residents who are receiving medication therapy (such as antibiotics) for the treatment of *C. difficile* infection **at the time of admission to your facility**.
 - Include both new admissions and re-admissions when a resident was out of the facility >2 calendar days (change to the Current Admission Date).
 - A resident admitted on CDI treatment should be included in this count even if he/she does not have a CDI LabID event for the LTCF.

2. **Number of residents started on antibiotic treatment for *C. difficile* :** Count residents that have a new medication order for *C. difficile* treatment.
 - Capture all new medication treatments (antibiotic orders), regardless of: (1) results of *C. difficile* testing; or (2) number of doses or days of therapy completed.
 - Remember, this count does NOT include residents admitted to your facility on treatment or with treatment orders.

What's New in 2019?

Analysis

- Line listing and Rate Tables:
 - Column titles updated to reflect the **descriptive** variable names as the default instead of the variable names.

National Healthcare Safety Network Rate Tables for CDI LabID Event Data Total CDI Rate

As of: December 6, 2018 at 3:21 PM
Date Range: All LTCLABID_RATESCDIF

Facility Org ID=11106

Summary Year/Month	Location	Total CDI Count	Number of Resident Days	Total CDI Rate
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National Healthcare Safety Network Line Listing - All LabID Events

As of: December 4, 2018 at 3:44 PM
Date Range: All LTCLABID_EVENTS

Facility Org ID	Resident ID	Date of Current Admission	Event ID	Event Date	Specific Organism	Specimen Source	Location	Transferred from Acute Care Facility in Past 3 Months?	Transferred from Acute Care Facility in Past 4 Weeks?
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What's New in 2019?

Analysis

- Line Listing - *All CDI LabID*
 - Additional variables added

National Healthcare Safety Network

Line Listing - All CDI LabID Events

As of: January 9, 2019 at 10:45 AM

Date Range: All LTCLABID_EVENTS

Facility Org ID	Resident ID	Date of Current Admission	Event ID	Event Date	Specific Organism	Specimen Source	Location	Transferred from Acute Care Facility in Past 4 Weeks?	CDI Assay	Onset	Onset Description	Days: Admit to Event
39455	2468	12/25/2014	3140	01/05/2015	CDIF	STOOL	1 D		Incident	ACT-LO	ACT-LO - Acute Care Transfer-Long-term Care Facility-Onset	12
39455	444444	10/25/2014	3179	01/10/2015	CDIF	STOOL	4 GEN		Incident	LO	LO - Long-term Care Facility-Onset	78
39455	111111	01/01/2015	3134	01/15/2015	CDIF	STOOL	1 D		Incident	LO	LO - Long-term Care Facility-Onset	15

2018 ANNUAL FACILITY SURVEY IS DUE



Important Information

- **2018** Annual Facility Surveys are available for completion now!
 - ❖ Deadline to complete survey is **March 1, 2019**.
- Most survey questions are based on facility characteristics and practices during the previous calendar year.
- New soft alerts (pop-up messages) added to improve data quality.
- Accuracy is important-responses in the annual survey may be used for future risk adjustment of data.

Important Information, *continued*

- Recommend collecting all required information using NHSN paper form.
- NHSN provides instructions for completing the form in the Table of Instructions (TOI).
- Surveys may be viewed, edited, and printed anytime after submitting.
- NHSN helpdesk is your friend! nhsn@cdc.gov with “LTCF” in subject line.

Getting Started with your Annual Facility Survey

Before Getting Started!

- Recommend the use of NHSN paper forms and instructions to collect required information

- **Form:**

https://www.cdc.gov/nhsn/forms/57.137_LTCFSurv_BLANK.pdf

- **Instructions:**

<https://www.cdc.gov/nhsn/forms/instr/57.137-toi-annual-facility-survey.pdf>

- May review and print your survey completed during previous calendar year (2017) if facility characteristics are similar



Form Approved
OMB No. 0920-0666
Exp. Date: 10/01/2018
www.cdc.gov/nhsn

Long Term Care Facility Component—Annual Facility Survey

Page 1 of 6

*required for saving	Tracking #:
Facility ID:	*Survey Year:
*National Provider ID:	State Provider #:
Facility Characteristics	
*Ownership (check one): ☐ For profit ☐ Not for profit, including church ☐ Government (not VA) ☐ Veterans Affairs	
*Certification (check one): ☐ Dual Medicare/Medicaid ☐ Medicare only ☐ Medicaid only ☐ State only	
*Affiliation (check one): ☐ Independent, free-standing ☐ Independent, continuing care retirement community ☐ Multi-facility organization (chain) ☐ Hospital system, attached ☐ Hospital system, free-standing	
In the previous calendar year: *Average daily census:	

Getting Started with your Annual Facility Survey

Log-in to SAMS

1. Go to <https://sams.cdc.gov>
2. Sign-in using your SAMS Grid card

External Partners

SAMS Credentials



SAMS Username

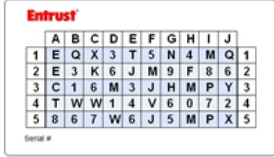
SAMS Password

Login

[Forgot Your Password?](#)

For External Partners who login with only a SAMS issued UserID and Password.

SAMS Grid Card



Click the Login button to sign on with a SAMS Grid Card



For External Partners who have been issued a SAMS Grid Card.

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	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	
1	E	Q	X	3	T	5	N	4	M	Q	1
2	E	3	K	6	J	M	9	F	8	6	2
3	C	1	6	M	3	J	H	M	P	Y	3
4	T	W	W	1	4	V	6	0	7	2	4
5	8	6	7	W	6	J	5	M	P	X	5

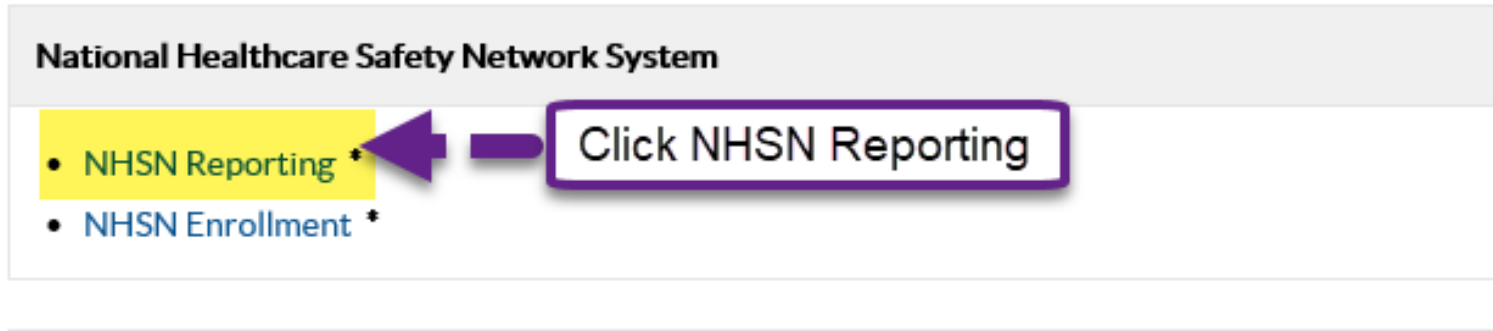
Serial #

Getting Started with your Annual Survey

Select NHSN Reporting

- Select **NHSN Reporting** to access your enrolled facility

Note: facility that have already enrolled in NHSN should **NOT** enroll again, even if the NHSN administrator changes



Getting Started with your Annual Survey

Open 2018 Annual Facility Survey

NHSN Home

Alerts

Reporting Plan ▶

Resident ▶

Event ▶

Summary Data ▶

Import/Export

Surveys ▶

Analysis ▶

Users ▶

Facility ▶

Group ▶

Tools ▶

Logout

 NHSN Long Term Care Facility Component Home Page

Action Items

COMPLETE THESE ITEMS

Survey Required

2018



Assurance of Confidentiality: The voluntarily provided information obtained in this surveillance system that w

Getting Started with your Annual Facility Survey

- To review and/or print a copy of your completed survey for the previous calendar year:

To Access Previously Submitted Survey:

1. Click **“Surveys”**
2. Click **“Find”**
3. Select Survey Year **“2017”**
4. Click **“Find”**

NHSN Home

- Alerts
- Reporting Plan ▶
- Resident ▶
- Event ▶
- Summary Data ▶
- Import/Export
- Surveys** ▶
 - Add
 - Find**
- Analysis ▶
- Users ▶
- Facility ▶

Find Annual Survey

- Enter search criteria and click Find
- Fewer criteria will return a broader result set
- More criteria will return a narrower result set

Facility ID: 8.8 LTC Facility (ID 14884) ▼

Survey Year: 2017 ▼

Find **Clear** **Back**

Getting Started with your Annual Survey

Open 2018 Annual Facility Survey

NHSN Home

Alerts

Reporting Plan ▶

Resident ▶

Event ▶

Summary Data ▶

Import/Export

Surveys ▶

Analysis ▶

Users ▶

Facility ▶

Group ▶

Tools ▶

Logout

 NHSN Long Term Care Facility Component Home Page

Action Items

COMPLETE THESE ITEMS

Survey Required

2018



Assurance of Confidentiality: The voluntarily provided information obtained in this surveillance system that w

Getting Started with your Annual Survey

Add Required Information

Red *asterisk = required

 Add Annual Survey

Mandatory fields marked with *

Facility ID *	Angela LTCF Test Facility (ID 39455) ▼	Survey Year *	2018 ▼
National Provider ID *		State Provider #:	

Facility Characteristics

Facility ownership *		Certificate of Health Care *	
Affiliation *			

In the previous calendar year,

Average daily census *		Average length of stay for short-stay residents:	
Total number of short-stay residents *		Average length of stay for long-stay residents:	
Total number of long-stay residents *			
Total number of new admissions *			
Total Number of Beds *		Number of Pediatric Beds (age <21) *	

Indicate which of the following primary service types are provided by your facility. On the day of this survey, indicate the number of residents receiving those services (list only one service type per resident, i.e. total should sum to resident census on day of survey completion):

Primary Service Type	Service Provided?	Number of residents
a. Long-term general nursing *	☐	

Survey Year =
2018

Total Number of Short-Stay Residents

In the previous calendar year,	
Average daily census *:	
Total number of short-stay residents *:	
Total number of long-stay residents *:	
Total number of new admissions *:	
Total Number of Beds *:	
Average length of stay for short-stay residents:	
Average length of stay for long-stay residents:	
Number of Pediatric Beds (age <21) *:	

Total number of unique residents who stayed ≤ 100 days in the previous calendar year.

Note: If a resident starts off as short stay but converts to long-stay, then count the resident in the total number of long-stay.

Total Number of Long-Stay Residents

In the previous calendar year,

Average daily census *:

Total number of short-stay residents *:

Total number of long-stay residents *:

Total number of new admissions *:

Total Number of Beds *:

Average length of stay for short-stay residents:

Average length of stay for long-stay residents:

Number of Pediatric Beds (age <21) *:

Total number of unique residents who stayed > 100 days in the previous calendar year.

On the day you complete this survey..

Indicate which of the following primary service types are provided by your facility. On the day of this survey, indicate the number of residents receiving those services (list only one service type per resident, i.e. total should sum to resident census on day of survey completion)

<u>Primary Service Type</u>	<u>Service Provided?</u>	<u>Number of residents</u>
a. Long-term general nursing *:	☒	47
b. Long-term dementia *:	☒	20
c. Skilled nursing/Short-term (subacute) rehabilitation *:	☒	20
d. Long-term psychiatric (non dementia) *:	☐	
e. Ventilator *:	☐	
f. Bariatric *:	☐	
g. Hospice/Palliative *:	☒	10
h. Other *:	☐	
Total Resident Census on Survey Day:		97

Its Survey Time – What Services are being Provided?

- What should we do if we provide the service but have no one in house on the day of survey, e.g., we provide hospice, but had no hospice residents on the day of survey.

✓ Check the box to include the service and put a “0” for the count

Indicate which of the following primary service types are provided by your facility. On the day of this survey, indicate the number of residents receiving those services (list only one service type per resident, i.e. total should sum to resident census on day of survey completed)

Primary Service Type	Service Provided?	Number of residents
a. Long-term general nursing *:	☒	47
b. Long-term dementia *:	☒	20
c. Skilled nursing/Short-term (subacute) rehabilitation *:	☒	20
d. Long-term psychiatric (non dementia) *:	☐	
e. Ventilator *:	☐	
f. Bariatric *:	☐	
g. Hospice/Palliative *:	☒	0
h. Other *:	☐	

Total Resident Census on Survey Day:

97

Total Resident Census on Survey Day

Indicate which of the following primary service types are provided by your facility. On the day of this survey, indicate the number receiving those services (list only one service type per resident, i.e. total should sum to resident census on day of survey complete)

Primary Service Type	Service Provided?	Number of residents
a. Long-term general nursing *	☒	47
b. Long-term dementia *	☒	20
c. Skilled nursing/Short-term (subacute) rehabilitation *	☒	20
d. Long-term psychiatric (non dementia) *	☐	
e. Ventilator *	☐	
f. Bariatric *	☐	
g. Hospice/Palliative *	☒	10
h. Other *	☐	
Total Resident Census on Survey Day:		97

Total Resident Census on Survey Day must be less than or equal to **Total Number of Beds** provided in previous section of survey

In the previous calendar year,

Average daily census *: 90

Total number of short-stay residents *: 25

Total number of long-stay residents *: 75

Total number of new admissions *: 20

Total Number of Beds *: 100

Primary Testing Method for *C. difficile*

3. What is the primary testing method for *C. difficile* used most often by your facility's laboratory or the outside laboratory where your facility's testing is performed? ★

- ☐ Enzyme immunoassay (EIA) for toxin
- ☐ Cell cytotoxicity neutralization assay
- ☐ Nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT)(e.g., PCR) (e.g., PCR, LAMP)
- ☐ NAAT plus EIA, if NAAT positive (2-step algorithm)
- ☐ Glutamate dehydrogenase (GDH) antigen plus EIA for toxin (2-step algorithm)
- ☐ GDH plus NAAT (2-step algorithm)
- ☐ GDH plus EIA for toxin, followed by NAAT for discrepant results
- ☐ Culture (*C. difficile* culture followed by detection of toxins)
- ☐ Other (specify)

- Based on practices of diagnostic laboratory in which most resident specimens are sent.
- Contact diagnostic laboratory identify the primary diagnostic testing method for *C. difficile* used

Uncommon Testing Methods for *C. difficile*

3. What is the primary testing method for *C. difficile* used most often by your facility's laboratory or the outside laboratory where your facility's testing is performed? ★

- ☐ Enzyme immunoassay (EIA) for toxin
- ☒ Cell cytotoxicity neutralization assay
- ☐ Nucleic acid amplification test (NAAT)(e.g., PCR) (e.g., PCR, LAMP)
- ☐ NAAT plus EIA, if NAAT positive (2-step algorithm)
- ☐ Glutamate dehydrogenase (GDH) antigen plus EIA for toxin (2-step algorithm)
- ☐ GDH plus NAAT (2-step algorithm)
- ☐ GDH plus EIA for toxin, followed by NAAT for discrepant results
- ☐ Culture (*C. difficile* culture followed by detection of toxins)
- ☐ Other (specify)

- Before selecting cell cytotoxicity neutralization assay or culture, verify primary testing method with diagnostic lab.
- Most testing methods can be categorized by selecting from the options provided.
- 'Other' should **not** be used to name specific laboratories, reference laboratories, or the brand names of *C. difficile* tests.

Lab Testing methods

- What if you changed labs this year and the testing methods are different?
- ✓ You will add the new lab to next year's survey. Remember, for 2018 survey, you are only including facility characteristics and practices for 2018. If labs changed mid-way through the year, include the primary lab tests your facility used for the majority of 2018.

Remember to SAVE completed survey



Save

Back



EDIT Annual Facility Survey

NHSN - National Healthcare Safety Network

NHSN Home

Alerts

Reporting Plan

Resident

Event

Summary Data

Surveys

Analysis

Users

Facility

Group

Logout



NHSN Long Term Care Facility Component Home Page

Action Items

COMPLETE THESE ITEMS

Add

Find



Find Annual Survey

- Enter search criteria and click Find
- Fewer criteria will return a broader result set
- More criteria will return a narrower result set

Facility ID: Angela LTCF Test Facility (ID 39455) ▼

Survey Year: 2017 ▼

Find Clear Back

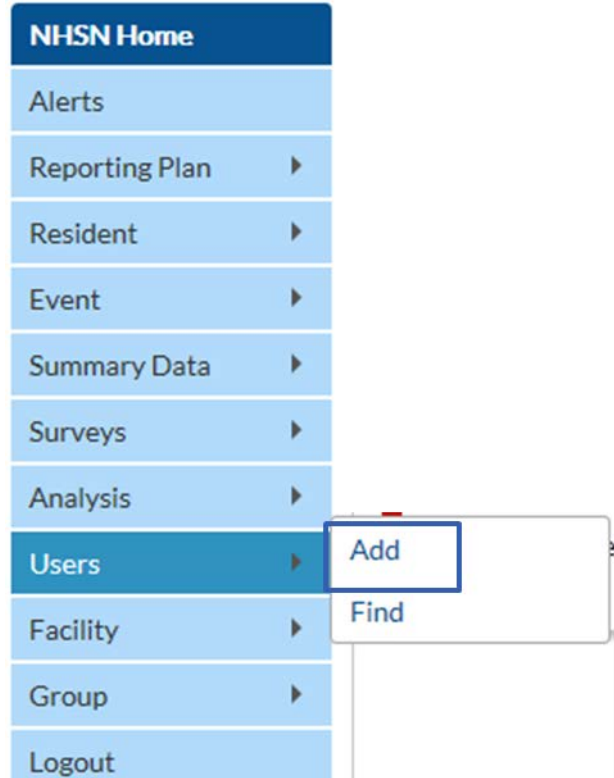
Edit

Back

How do I add a new user to NHSN?

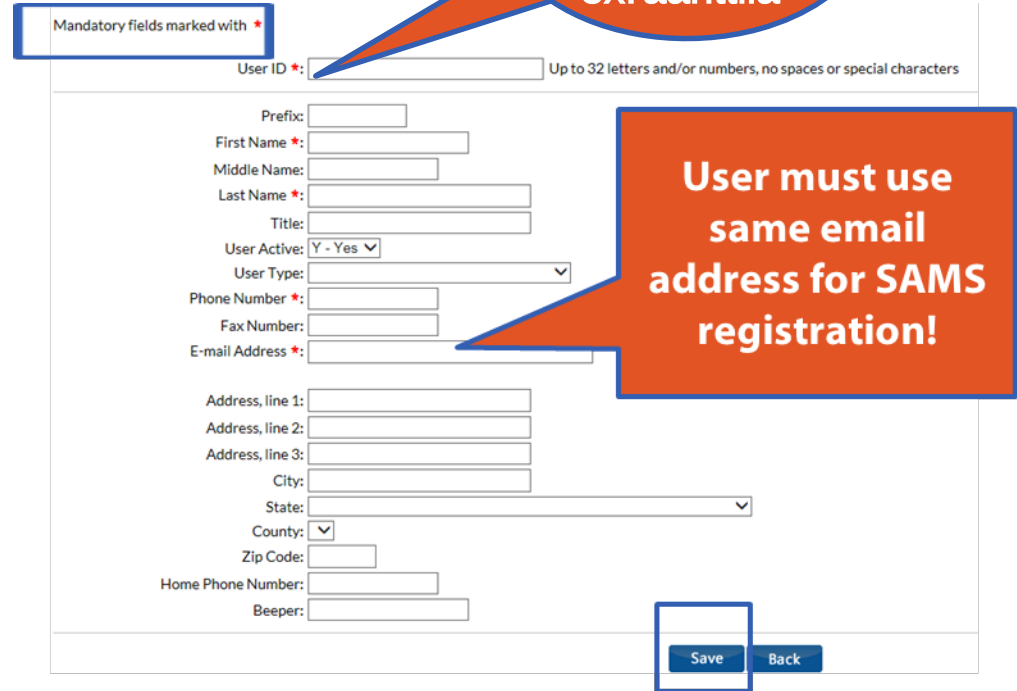
- How can our new Infection Control Nurse be added as a NHSN user?
- ✓ The NHSN facility administrator must add the new nurse as a user to the NHSN application. Once the new user is added, if he/she is not already registered with SAMS, he/she will receive an e-mail to register with SAMS.
- Please send an e-mail to nhsn@cdc.gov for additional questions or help with adding a new user

ADD NHSN Users



NHSN Home

- Alerts
- Reporting Plan ▶
- Resident ▶
- Event ▶
- Summary Data ▶
- Surveys ▶
- Analysis ▶
- Users ▶**
 - Add**
 - Find
- Facility ▶
- Group ▶
- Logout



Mandatory fields marked with *

User ID *: Up to 32 letters and/or numbers, no spaces or special characters

Prefix:

First Name *:

Middle Name:

Last Name *:

Title:

User Active:

User Type:

Phone Number *:

Fax Number:

E-mail Address *:

Address, line 1:

Address, line 2:

Address, line 3:

City:

State:

County:

Zip Code:

Home Phone Number:

Beeper:

Tip: use first initial and last name ex. aantila

User must use same email address for SAMS registration!

Save **Back**

ADD NHSN User

Assign and Save Rights

User ID: **MANTTILA (ID 238556)**

Fac: Angela LTCF Test Facility

Facility List:

Rights	Patient Safety	Healthcare Personnel Safety	Biovigilance	Long Term Care	Dialysis
Administrator	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
All Rights	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Analyze Data	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Add, Edit, Delete	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
View Data	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
Customize Rights	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐

Effective Rights

Save

Back

Advanced

How do I add the LTCF Component if I'm already a NHSN user?

- Will I be able to access LTC if I am already enrolled for hospital NHSN data? Or do I have to initiate another enrollment?

✓ **Must enroll in the LTCF Component since it is a different component. It is an abbreviated enrollment where the LTCF annual facility survey must be completed to complete the enrollment.**

SAMS
secure access management services

Menu

- My Profile
- Logout

Links

- SAMS User Guide
- SAMS User FAQ
- Identity Verification Overview

My Applications

- CITI_Single_SignOn
 - CDC Single Point Sign On - CITI Courses
- National Healthcare Safety Network System**
 - NHSN Reporting *
 - NHSN Enrollment** ←

NHSN - National Healthcare Safety Network

Enroll Facility

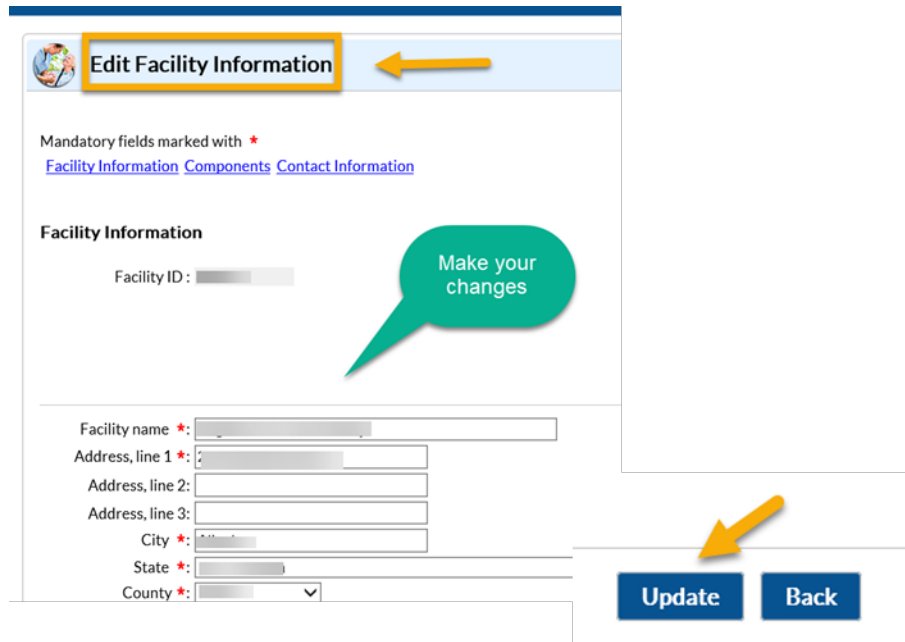
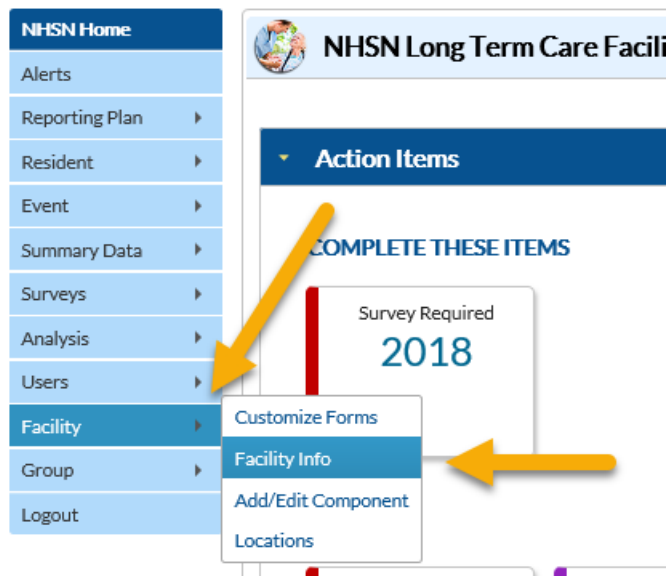
Please Select Desired Option

[Access and print hardcopy version of enrollment forms](#)

Enroll a Facility ←

How do I make a change to our facility name?

- How do we update the name of our facility within the NHSN site?



QUESTIONS ?

Send all questions to nhsn@cdc.gov and type “LTCF” in the subject line